

Regula	Shuster	Thornton
Reynolds	Sisisky	Thurman
Richardson	Skaggs	Torkildsen
Ridge	Skeen	Torres
Roberts	Skelton	Torricelli
Roemer	Slattery	Towns
Rogers	Smith (IA)	Trafigant
Rohrabacher	Smith (MI)	Underwood (GU)
Ros-Lehtinen	Smith (NJ)	Unsoeld
Rose	Smith (OR)	Upton
Rostenkowski	Smith (TX)	Valentine
Roth	Snowe	Velazquez
Roukema	Solomon	Vento
Rowland	Spence	Visclosky
Roybal-Allard	Spratt	Volkmer
Royce	Stark	Vucanovich
Rush	Stearns	Walker
Sabo	Stenholm	Walsh
Sanders	Stokes	Waters
Sangmeister	Strickland	Watt
Santorum	Studds	Waxman
Sarpalius	Stump	Weldon
Sawyer	Stupak	Wheat
Saxton	Sundquist	Whitten
Schaefer	Swett	Wilson
Schenk	Swift	Wise
Schiff	Synar	Wolf
Schroeder	Talent	Woolsey
Schumer	Tanner	Wyden
Scott	Tauzin	Wynn
Sensenbrenner	Taylor (MS)	Yates
Serrano	Taylor (NC)	Young (FL)
Sharp	Tejeda	Zeliff
Shaw	Thomas (CA)	Zimmer
Shays	Thomas (WY)	
Shepherd	Thompson	

NOT VOTING—14

de la Garza	Neal (NC)	Slaughter
Fields (TX)	Pelosi	Tucker
Hall (OH)	Pickle	Washington
Henry	Romero-Barcelo	Williams
McDade	(PR)	Young (AK)

So the substitute amendment was agreed to.

After some further time,

¶70.13 RECORDED VOTE

A recorded vote by electronic device was ordered in the Committee of the Whole on the following amendment submitted by Mr. CALLAHAN:

Page 85, strike line 16 and all that follows through page 87, line 11.

It was decided in the

Yeas	140
Nays	289

¶70.14 [Roll No. 237]
AYES—140

Allard	DeLay	Kim
Andrews (NJ)	Diaz-Balart	Kingston
Applegate	Doolittle	Kyl
Archer	Dornan	Lancaster
Baker (CA)	Duncan	LaRocco
Baker (LA)	English (OK)	Lewis (FL)
Barcia	Everett	Machtley
Bartlett	Ewing	Manzullo
Becerra	Fields (LA)	McHugh
Bilirakis	Flake	McInnis
Blackwell	Ford (TN)	McKeon
Blute	Fowler	Mfume
Bonilla	Franks (CT)	Mica
Brewster	Gallely	Miller (FL)
Bunning	Gekas	Moorhead
Burton	Goss	Murphy
Buyer	Grams	Nussle
Callahan	Green	Packard
Camp	Gutierrez	Petri
Canady	Hall (TX)	Pombo
Chapman	Hancock	Portman
Clay	Hansen	Poshard
Clyburn	Hastert	Quillen
Coble	Hefley	Quinn
Collins (GA)	Herger	Rahall
Collins (IL)	Hilliard	Ramstad
Collins (MI)	Hoke	Rangel
Combest	Huffington	Regula
Condit	Hunter	Reynolds
Conyers	Hutchinson	Roemer
Cox	Hutto	Rogers
Crane	Inglis	Rohrabacher
Crapo	Inhofe	Ros-Lehtinen
Cunningham	Inslee	Roth
Danner	Jacobs	Roukema
DeFazio	Johnson, Sam	Royce

Sanders	Spence	Tucker
Santorum	Stearns	Valentine
Sarpalius	Stump	Velazquez
Saxton	Sundquist	Volkmer
Schaefer	Tauzin	Vucanovich
Sensenbrenner	Taylor (NC)	Walsh
Shays	Thomas (WY)	Waters
Shuster	Thompson	Young (FL)
Smith (TX)	Thurman	Zeliff
Snowe	Towns	Zimmer
Solomon	Trafigant	

NOES—289

Abercrombie	Gephardt	McDermott
Ackerman	Geren	McHale
Andrews (ME)	Gibbons	McKinney
Andrews (TX)	Gilchrest	McMillan
Armey	Gillmor	McNulty
Bacchus (FL)	Gilman	Meehan
Bachus (AL)	Gingrich	Meek
Baessler	Glickman	Menendez
Ballenger	Gonzalez	Meyers
Barca	Goodlatte	Michel
Barlow	Goodling	Miller (CA)
Barrett (NE)	Gordon	Mineta
Barrett (WI)	Grandy	Minge
Barton	Greenwood	Mink
Bateman	Gunderson	Moakley
Beilenson	Hall (OH)	Molinar
Bentley	Hamburg	Mollohan
Bereuter	Hamilton	Montgomery
Berman	Harman	Moran
Bevill	Hastings	Morella
Bilbray	Hayes	Murtha
Bishop	Hefner	Myers
Bliley	Hinchey	Nadler
Boehlert	Hoagland	Natcher
Boehner	Hobson	Neal (MA)
Bonior	Hochbrueckner	Neal (NC)
Borski	Hoekstra	Norton (DC)
Boucher	Holden	Oberstar
Brooks	Horn	Obey
Browder	Houghton	Oliver
Brown (CA)	Hoyer	Ortiz
Brown (FL)	Hughes	Orton
Brown (OH)	Hyde	Owens
Bryant	Istook	Oxley
Byrne	Jefferson	Pallone
Calvert	Johnson (CT)	Parker
Cantwell	Johnson (GA)	Pastor
Cardin	Johnson (SD)	Paxon
Carr	Johnson, E. B.	Payne (NJ)
Castle	Johnston	Payne (VA)
Clayton	Kanjorski	Penny
Clement	Kaptur	Peterson (FL)
Clinger	Kasich	Peterson (MN)
Coleman	Kennedy	Pickett
Cooper	Kennelly	Pomeroy
Coppersmith	Kildee	Porter
Costello	King	Price (NC)
Coyne	Kleczka	Przyce (OH)
Cramer	Klein	Ravenel
Darden	Klink	Reed
de Lugo (VI)	Klug	Richardson
Deal	Knollenberg	Ridge
DeLauro	Kolbe	Roberts
Dellums	Kopetski	Rose
Derrick	Kreidler	Rostenkowski
Deutsch	LaFalce	Rowland
Dickey	Lambert	Roybal-Allard
Dicks	Lantos	Rush
Dingell	Laughlin	Sabo
Dixon	Lazio	Sangmeister
Dooley	Leach	Sawyer
Dreier	Lehman	Scheker
Dunn	Levin	Schiff
Durbin	Levy	Schroeder
Edwards (CA)	Lewis (CA)	Schumer
Edwards (TX)	Lewis (GA)	Scott
Emerson	Lightfoot	Serrano
Engel	Linder	Sharp
English (AZ)	Lipinski	Shaw
Eshoo	Livingston	Shepherd
Evans	Lloyd	Sisisky
Faleomavaega	Long	Skaggs
(AS)	Lowey	Skeen
Farr	Maloney	Skelton
Fawell	Mann	Slattery
Fazio	Manton	Slaughter
Filner	Margolies-	Smith (IA)
Fingerhut	Mezvinsky	Smith (MI)
Fish	Markay	Smith (NJ)
Foglietta	Martinez	Smith (OR)
Ford (MI)	Matsui	Spratt
Frank (MA)	Mazzoli	Stark
Franks (NJ)	McCandless	Stenholm
Frost	McCloskey	Stokes
Furse	McCollum	Strickland
Gallo	McCrery	Studds
Gejdenson	McCurdy	Stupak

Swift	Torricelli	Wheat
Synar	Underwood (GU)	Whitten
Talent	Upton	Williams
Tanner	Vento	Wilson
Taylor (MS)	Visclosky	Wise
Tejeda	Walker	Wolf
Thomas (CA)	Washington	Woolsey
Thornton	Watt	Wyden
Torkildsen	Waxman	Wynn
Torres	Weldon	Yates

NOT VOTING—10

de la Garza	Pelosi	Swett
Fields (TX)	Pickle	Unsoeld
Henry	Romero-Barcelo	Young (AK)
McDade	(PR)	

So the amendment was not agreed to.
The Committee rose informally to receive a message from the President.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. OBERSTAR, assumed the Chair.

¶70.15 MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT

A message in writing from the President of the United States was communicated to the House by Mr. Edwin Thomas, one of his secretaries.

The Committee resumed its sitting; and after some further time spent therein,

¶70.16 RECORDED VOTE

A recorded vote by electronic device was ordered in the Committee of the Whole on the following amendment submitted by Mr. KASICH:

Page 23, strike lines 14 through 18.

Page 23, strike line 24 and all that follows through page 24, line 3.

It was decided in the

Yeas	210
Nays	216

¶70.17 [Roll No. 238]

AYES—210

Allard	Dreier	Istook
Applegate	Duncan	Jacobs
Archer	Dunn	Johnson, Sam
Armey	Durbin	Kasich
Bacchus (AL)	Edwards (TX)	Kim
Baessler	Emerson	King
Baker (CA)	English (OK)	Kingston
Baker (LA)	Everett	Klink
Ballenger	Ewing	Klug
Barcia	Fawell	Kolbe
Barlow	Fingerhut	Kyl
Barrett (NE)	Fish	Lambert
Bartlett	Fowler	Lancaster
Barton	Franks (CT)	Laughlin
Bateman	Franks (NJ)	Lazio
Bentley	Gallely	Levy
Bevill	Gekas	Lewis (FL)
Bilirakis	Geren	Linder
Bliley	Gillmor	Lloyd
Blute	Gingrich	Machtley
Boehner	Glickman	Manzullo
Bonilla	Goodlatte	Martinez
Brewster	Goodling	McCollum
Bunning	Gordon	McCrery
Burton	Goss	McHale
Buyer	Grams	McHugh
Calvert	Grandy	McInnis
Camp	Green	McKeon
Canady	Greenwood	Meehan
Clement	Gunderson	Meyers
Coble	Hall (TX)	Mica
Collins (GA)	Hancock	Michel
Collins (IL)	Hansen	Miller (CA)
Collins (MI)	Hastert	Miller (FL)
Combest	Hayes	Minge
Condit	Hefley	Molinar
Cox	Herger	Mollohan
Crane	Hobson	Montgomery
Crapo	Hoekstra	Moorhead
Cunningham	Hoke	Murphy
Danner	Huffington	Myers
Deal	Hughes	Nussle
DeFazio	Hunter	Oberstar
DeLay	Hutchinson	Oxley
Diaz-Balart	Hutto	Packard
Dickey	Inglis	Parker
Doolittle	Inhofe	Paxon
Dorman		

Peterson (MN)	Santorum	Strickland
Petri	Saxton	Stump
Pombo	Schaefer	Sundquist
Portman	Schiff	Talent
Poshard	Schroeder	Tanner
Pryce (OH)	Sensenbrenner	Tauzin
Quillen	Shaw	Taylor (MS)
Quinn	Shays	Taylor (NC)
Rahall	Shepherd	Thomas (CA)
Ramstad	Shuster	Thomas (WY)
Ravenel	Skeen	Torkildsen
Regula	Skelton	Trafigant
Ridge	Slattery	Upton
Roberts	Smith (MI)	Valentine
Roemer	Smith (NJ)	Volkmer
Rogers	Smith (OR)	Vucanovich
Rohrabacher	Smith (TX)	Walker
Ros-Lehtinen	Snowe	Washington
Roth	Solomon	Wise
Rowland	Spence	Wolf
Royce	Stark	Young (FL)
Sanders	Stearns	Zeliff
Sangmeister	Stenholm	Zimmer

NOES—216

Abercrombie	Gephardt	Murtha
Ackerman	Gibbons	Nadler
Andrews (ME)	Gilchrest	Natcher
Andrews (NJ)	Gilman	Neal (NC)
Andrews (TX)	Gonzalez	Norton (DC)
Bacchus (FL)	Gutierrez	Obey
Barca	Hall (OH)	Olver
Barrett (WI)	Hamburg	Ortiz
Becerra	Hamilton	Orton
Beilenson	Harman	Owens
Bereuter	Hastings	Pallone
Berman	Hefner	Pastor
Bilbray	Hilliard	Payne (NJ)
Bishop	Hinchev	Payne (VA)
Blackwell	Hoagland	Penny
Boehlert	Hochbrueckner	Peterson (FL)
Bonior	Holden	Pickett
Borski	Horn	Pomeroy
Boucher	Houghton	Porter
Brooks	Hoyer	Price (NC)
Brown (CA)	Hyde	Rangel
Brown (FL)	Inslee	Reed
Brown (OH)	Jefferson	Reynolds
Bryant	Johnson (CT)	Richardson
Byrne	Johnson (GA)	Rose
Callahan	Johnson (SD)	Rostenkowski
Cantwell	Johnson, E. B.	Roukema
Cardin	Johnston	Roybal-Allard
Carr	Kanjorski	Rush
Castle	Kaptur	Sabo
Chapman	Kennedy	Sarpaluis
Clay	Kennelly	Sawyer
Clayton	Kildee	Schenk
Clinger	Klecza	Schumer
Clyburn	Klein	Scott
Coleman	Knollenberg	Serrano
Collins (IL)	Kreidler	Sharp
Collins (MI)	LaFalce	Sisisky
Conyers	Lantos	Skaggs
Cooper	LaRocco	Slaughter
Coppersmith	Leach	Smith (IA)
Coyne	Lehman	Spratt
Cramer	Levin	Stokes
Darden	Lewis (CA)	Studds
de Lugo (VI)	Lewis (GA)	Stupak
DeLauro	Lightfoot	Swift
Dellums	Lipinski	Synar
Derrick	Livingston	Tejeda
Deutsch	Long	Thompson
Dicks	Lowe	Thornton
Dingell	Maloney	Thurman
Dixon	Mann	Torres
Dooley	Manton	Torricelli
Edwards (CA)	Margolies-	Towns
Engel	Mezvisinsky	Tucker
English (AZ)	Markey	Underwood (GU)
Eshoo	Matsui	Unsoeld
Evans	Mazzoli	Velazquez
Faleomavaega (AS)	McCandless	Vento
Farr	McCloskey	Visclosky
Fazio	McCurdy	Walsh
Fields (LA)	McDermott	Waters
Filner	McKinney	Watt
Flake	McMillan	Waxman
Foglietta	McNulty	Wheat
Ford (MI)	Meek	Whitten
Ford (TN)	Menendez	Williams
Frank (MA)	Mfume	Wilson
Frost	Mineta	Woolsey
Furse	Mink	Wyden
Gallo	Moakley	Wynn
Gejdenson	Moran	Yates
	Morella	

NOT VOTING—13

Browder	McDade	Romero-Barcelo
de la Garza	Neal (MA)	(PR)
Fields (TX)	Pelosi	Sweett
Henry	Pickle	Weldon
Kopetski		Young (AK)

So the amendment was not agreed to. After more further time,

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. MCNULTY, assumed the Chair.

When Mr. RICHARDSON, Chairman, pursuant to House Resolution 200, reported the bill back to the House with an amendment adopted by the Committee.

The previous question having been ordered by said resolution.

The question being put, viva voce,

Will the House agree to the following amendment in the nature of a substitute, as amended?

Strike out all after the enacting clause, and insert:

That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for foreign operations, export financing, and related programs for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1994, and for other purposes, namely:

TITLE I—MULTILATERAL ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE

FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT

INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

CONTRIBUTION TO THE INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT

For payment to the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development by the Secretary of the Treasury, for the United States share of the paid-in share portion of the increases in capital stock for the General Capital Increase, \$55,821,000, to remain available until expended.

For payment to the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development by the Secretary of the Treasury, for the United States contribution to the Global Environment Facility (GEF), \$30,000,000, to remain available until expended.

LIMITATION ON CALLABLE CAPITAL SUBSCRIPTIONS

The United States Governor of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development may subscribe without fiscal year limitation to the callable capital portion of the United States share of increases in capital stock in an amount not to exceed \$1,804,879,000.

CONTRIBUTION TO THE INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION

For payment to the International Development Association by the Secretary of the Treasury, \$1,024,332,000, for the United States contribution to the replenishment, to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That funds appropriated under this heading are available subject to authorization.

CONTRIBUTION TO THE INTERNATIONAL FINANCE CORPORATION

For payment to the International Finance Corporation by the Secretary of the Treasury, \$35,761,500, for the United States share of the increase in subscriptions to capital stock, to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That of the amount appropriated under this heading not more than \$5,364,000 may be expended for the purchase of such stock in fiscal year 1994.

CONTRIBUTION TO THE INTER-AMERICAN DEVELOPMENT BANK

For payment to the Inter-American Development Bank by the Secretary of the Treasury for the United States share of the paid-in share portion of the increase in capital

stock, \$56,166,000, and for the United States share of the increases in the resources of the Fund for Special Operations, \$20,164,000, to remain available until expended.

LIMITATION ON CALLABLE CAPITAL SUBSCRIPTIONS

The United States Governor of the Inter-American Development Bank may subscribe without fiscal year limitation to the callable capital portion of the United States share of such capital stock in an amount not to exceed \$2,190,283,457.

CONTRIBUTION TO THE ENTERPRISE FOR THE AMERICAS MULTILATERAL INVESTMENT FUND

For payment to the Enterprise for the Americas Multilateral Investment Fund by the Secretary of the Treasury, for the United States contribution to the Fund to be administered by the Inter-American Development Bank, \$75,000,000 to remain available until expended.

CONTRIBUTION TO THE ASIAN DEVELOPMENT BANK

For payment to the Asian Development Bank by the Secretary of the Treasury, for the paid-in share portion of the United States share of the increase in capital stock, \$13,026,366, to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That funds appropriated under this heading are available subject to receipt by the Congress of the President's budget request for such funds.

CONTRIBUTION TO THE ASIAN DEVELOPMENT FUND

For the United States contribution by the Secretary of the Treasury to the increases in resources of the Asian Development Fund, as authorized by the Asian Development Bank Act, as amended (Public Law 89-369), \$62,500,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That funds appropriated under this heading are available subject to authorization.

LIMITATION ON CALLABLE CAPITAL SUBSCRIPTIONS

The United States Governor of the Asian Development Bank may subscribe without fiscal year limitation to the callable capital portion of the United States share of increases in the capital stock in an amount not to exceed \$95,438,437: *Provided*, That the authority provided under this heading is available subject to receipt by the Congress of the President's budget request for such authority.

CONTRIBUTION TO THE AFRICAN DEVELOPMENT FUND

For payment to the African Development Fund by the Secretary of the Treasury, \$132,300,000, for the United States contribution to the sixth replenishment of the African Development Fund, to remain available until expended.

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS AND PROGRAMS

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of section 301 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, and of section 2 of the United Nations Environment Program Participation Act of 1973, \$339,500,000: *Provided*, That none of the funds appropriated under this heading shall be made available for the following: the United Nations Fund for Science and Technology, the G-7 Nuclear Safety Fund, the OECD Center for Cooperation with European Economies in Transition, and United Nations Electoral Assistance activities: *Provided further*, That funds appropriated under this heading may be made available for the International Atomic Energy Agency only if the Secretary of State determines (and so reports to the Congress) that Israel is not being denied its right to participate in the activities of that Agency: *Provided further*, That unless the President certifies to the Congress that the United Na-

tions Population Fund (UNFPA) has terminated all activities in the People's Republic of China, not more than \$36,215,500 of the funds appropriated under this heading may be made available for UNFPA: *Provided further*, That none of the funds appropriated under this heading may be made available for UNFPA until March 1, 1994, unless the President has made the certification referred to in the previous proviso.

TITLE II—BILATERAL ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE

FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT

For expenses necessary to enable the President to carry out the provisions of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, and for other purposes, to remain available until September 30, 1994, unless otherwise specified herein, as follows:

AGENCY FOR INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE FUND

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of sections 103 through 106 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, \$811,900,000.

POPULATION, DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of section 104(b), \$392,000,000: *Provided*, That none of the funds made available in this Act nor any unobligated balances from prior appropriations may be made available to any organization or program which, as determined by the President of the United States, supports or participates in the management of a program of coercive abortion or involuntary sterilization: *Provided further*, That none of the funds made available under this heading may be used to pay for the performance of abortion as a method of family planning or to motivate or coerce any person to practice abortions; and that in order to reduce reliance on abortion in developing nations, funds shall be available only to voluntary family planning projects which offer, either directly or through referral to, or information about access to, a broad range of family planning methods and services: *Provided further*, That in awarding grants for natural family planning under section 104 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 no applicant shall be discriminated against because of such applicant's religious or conscientious commitment to offer only natural family planning; and, additionally, all such applicants shall comply with the requirements of the previous proviso: *Provided further*, That nothing in this subsection shall be construed to alter any existing statutory prohibitions against abortion under section 104 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961.

DEVELOPMENT FUND FOR AFRICA

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of chapter 10 of part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, \$784,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 1995: *Provided*, That none of the funds appropriated by this Act to carry out chapters 1 and 10 of part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 shall be transferred to the Government of Zaire.

PRIVATE AND VOLUNTARY ORGANIZATIONS

None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available by this Act for development assistance may be made available to any United States private and voluntary organization, except any cooperative development organization, which obtains less than 20 per centum of its total annual funding for international activities from sources other than the United States Government: *Provided*, That the requirements of the provisions of section 123(g) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 and the provisions on private and voluntary organizations in title II of the "Foreign Assistance and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 1985" (as enacted

in Public Law 98-473) shall be superseded by the provisions of this section.

INTERNATIONAL DISASTER ASSISTANCE

For necessary expenses for international disaster relief, rehabilitation, and reconstruction assistance pursuant to section 491 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as amended, \$145,985,000 to remain available until expended.

PAYMENT TO THE FOREIGN SERVICE RETIREMENT AND DISABILITY FUND

For payment to the "Foreign Service Retirement and Disability Fund", as authorized by the Foreign Service Act of 1980, \$44,151,000.

OPERATING EXPENSES OF THE AGENCY FOR INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of section 667, \$501,760,000.

OPERATING EXPENSES OF THE AGENCY FOR INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of section 667, \$39,118,000, which sum shall be available for the Office of the Inspector General of the Agency for International Development.

HOUSING GUARANTY PROGRAM ACCOUNT

For the subsidy cost, as defined in section 13201 of the Budget Enforcement Act of 1990, of guaranteed loans authorized by sections 221 and 222 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, \$16,078,000: *Provided*, That these funds are available to subsidize total loan principal, any part of which is to be guaranteed, not to exceed \$110,000,000: *Provided further*, That these funds are available to subsidize loan principal, 100 percent of which shall be guaranteed, pursuant to the authority of such sections: *Provided further*, That the President shall enter into commitments to guarantee such loans in the full amount provided under this heading, subject to the availability of qualified applicants for such guarantees. In addition, for administrative expenses to carry out guaranteed loan programs, \$8,239,000, all of which may be transferred to and merged with the appropriation for Operating Expenses of the Agency for International Development: *Provided further*, That none of the funds appropriated under this heading shall be obligated except through the regular notification procedures of the Committees on Appropriations.

DEBT RESTRUCTURING

For the cost, as defined in section 13201 of the Budget Enforcement Act of 1990, of modifying direct loans and loan guarantees, as the President may determine, for which funds have been appropriated or otherwise made available for programs within the International Affairs Budget Function 150, \$7,000,000, to remain available until expended.

ECONOMIC SUPPORT FUND

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of chapter 4 of part II, \$2,364,562,000, to remain available until September 30, 1995: *Provided*, That funds appropriated under this heading that are made available for Israel shall be available on a grant basis as a cash transfer and shall be disbursed within thirty days of enactment of this Act or by October 31, 1993, whichever is later: *Provided further*, That funds appropriated under this heading that are made available for Egypt shall be provided on a grant basis, and of which sum cash transfer assistance may be provided with the understanding that Egypt will undertake significant economic reforms which are additional to those which were undertaken in previous fiscal years: *Provided further*, That in exercising the authority to provide cash transfer assistance for Israel and Egypt, the President

shall ensure that the level of such assistance does not cause an adverse impact on the total level of nonmilitary exports from the United States to each such country: *Provided further*, That it is the sense of the Congress that the recommended levels of assistance for Egypt and Israel are based in great measure upon their continued participation in the Camp David Accords and upon the Egyptian-Israeli peace treaty: *Provided further*, That none of the funds appropriated under this heading shall be made available for Zaire: *Provided further*, That not more than \$50,000,000 of the funds appropriated under this heading may be made available to finance tied-aid credits, unless the President determines it is in the national interest to provide in excess of \$50,000,000 and so notifies the Committees on Appropriations through the regular notification procedures of the Committees on Appropriations: *Provided further*, That none of the funds made available or limited by this Act may be used for tied-aid credits or tied-aid grants except through the regular notification procedures of the Committees on Appropriations: *Provided further*, That none of the funds appropriated by this Act to carry out the provisions of chapters 1 and 10 of part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 may be used for tied-aid credits: *Provided further*, That as used in this heading the term "tied-aid credits" means any credit, within the meaning of section 15(h)(1) of the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945, which is used for blended or parallel financing, as those terms are defined by sections 15(h) (4) and (5), respectively, of such Act: *Provided further*, That funds appropriated under this heading shall remain available until September 30, 1995.

INTERNATIONAL FUND FOR IRELAND

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, \$19,600,000, which shall be available for the United States contribution to the International Fund for Ireland and shall be made available in accordance with the provisions of the Anglo-Irish Agreement Support Act of 1986 (Public Law 99-415): *Provided*, That such amount shall be expended at the minimum rate necessary to make timely payment for projects and activities: *Provided further*, That funds made available under this heading shall remain available until expended.

ASSISTANCE FOR EASTERN EUROPE AND THE BALTIC STATES

(a) For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 and the Support for East European Democracy (SEED) Act of 1989, \$400,000,000, to remain available until expended, which shall be available, notwithstanding any other provision of law, for economic assistance for Eastern Europe and the Baltic States.

(b) Funds appropriated under this heading or in prior appropriations Acts that are or have been made available for an Enterprise Fund may be deposited by such Fund in interest-bearing accounts prior to the Fund's disbursement of such funds for program purposes. The Fund may retain for such program purposes any interest earned on such deposits without returning such interest to the Treasury of the United States and without further appropriation by the Congress. Funds made available for Enterprise Funds shall be expended at the minimum rate necessary to make timely payment for projects and activities.

(c) Funds appropriated under this heading shall be considered to be economic assistance under the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 for purposes of making available the administrative authorities contained in that Act for the use of economic assistance.

ASSISTANCE FOR THE NEW INDEPENDENT
STATES OF THE FORMER SOVIET UNION

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of chapter 11 of part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 and the FREEDOM Support Act, for assistance for the new independent states of the former Soviet Union and for related programs, \$903,820,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That the provisions of 498B(j) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 shall apply to funds appropriated by this paragraph.

INDEPENDENT AGENCIES

AFRICAN DEVELOPMENT FOUNDATION

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of title V of the International Security and Development Cooperation Act of 1980, Public Law 96-533, and to make such contracts and commitments without regard to fiscal year limitations, as provided by section 9104, title 31, United States Code, \$16,905,000: *Provided*, That, when, with the permission of the President of the Foundation, funds made available to a grantee under this heading are invested pending disbursement, the resulting interest is not required to be deposited in the United States Treasury if the grantee uses the resulting interest for the purpose for which the grant was made: *Provided further*, That this provision applies with respect to both interest earned before and interest earned after the enactment of this provision.

INTER-AMERICAN FOUNDATION

For expenses necessary to carry out the functions of the Inter-American Foundation in accordance with the provisions of section 401 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1969, and to make such contracts and commitments without regard to fiscal year limitations, as provided by section 9104, title 31, United States Code, \$30,340,000.

OVERSEAS PRIVATE INVESTMENT CORPORATION

PROGRAM ACCOUNT

For the subsidy cost as defined in section 13201 of the Budget Enforcement Act of 1990, of direct and guaranteed loans authorized by section 234 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as follows: cost of direct and guaranteed loans, \$9,065,000. In addition, for administrative expenses to carry out the direct and guaranteed loan programs, \$7,518,000: *Provided*, That the funds provided in this paragraph shall be available for and apply to costs, direct loan obligations and loan guaranty commitments incurred or made during the period from October 1, 1993 through September 30, 1995: *Provided further*, That such sums are to remain available through fiscal year 2002 for the disbursement of direct and guaranteed loans obligated in fiscal year 1994, and through 2003 for the disbursement of direct and guaranteed loans obligated in fiscal year 1995.

The Overseas Private Investment Corporation is authorized to make, without regard to fiscal year limitations, as provided by 31 U.S.C. 9104, such noncredit expenditures and commitments within the limits of funds available to it and in accordance with law (including an amount for official reception and representation expenses which shall not exceed \$35,000) as may be necessary.

PEACE CORPS

For expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of the Peace Corps Act (75 Stat. 612), \$219,745,000, including the purchase of not to exceed five passenger motor vehicles for administrative purposes for use outside of the United States: *Provided*, That none of the funds appropriated under this heading shall be used to pay for abortions: *Provided further*, That funds appropriated under this heading shall remain available until September 30, 1995: *Provided further*, That not to exceed \$3,000,000 from amounts appropriated

under this heading may be transferred to the "Foreign Currency Fluctuations, Peace Corps, Account", as authorized by section 16 of the Peace Corps Act, as amended.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

INTERNATIONAL NARCOTICS CONTROL

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of section 481 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, \$100,000,000.

MIGRATION AND REFUGEE ASSISTANCE

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary to enable the Secretary of State to provide, as authorized by law, a contribution to the International Committee of the Red Cross and assistance to refugees, including contributions to the Intergovernmental Committee for Migration and the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees; salaries and expenses of personnel and dependents as authorized by the Foreign Service Act of 1980; allowances as authorized by sections 5921 through 5925 of title 5, United States Code; hire of passenger motor vehicles; and services as authorized by section 3109 of title 5, United States Code; \$870,688,000: *Provided*, That not more than \$11,500,000 of the funds appropriated under this heading shall be available for the administrative expenses of the Office of Refugee Programs of the Department of State.

UNITED STATES EMERGENCY REFUGEE AND
MIGRATION ASSISTANCE FUND

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of section 2(c) of the Migration and Refugee Assistance Act of 1962, as amended (22 U.S.C. 260(c)), \$19,261,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That the funds made available under this heading are appropriated notwithstanding the provisions contained in section 2(c)(2) of the Migration and Refugee Assistance Act of 1962 which would limit the amount of funds which could be appropriated for this purpose.

ANTI-TERRORISM ASSISTANCE

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of chapter 8 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, \$15,244,000.

TITLE III—MILITARY ASSISTANCE

FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT

INTERNATIONAL MILITARY EDUCATION AND
TRAINING

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of section 541 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, \$21,250,000: *Provided*, That up to \$300,000 of the funds appropriated under this heading may be made available for grant financed military education and training for any country whose annual per capita GNP exceeds \$2,349 on the condition that that country agrees to fund from its own resources the transportation cost and living allowances of its students: *Provided further*, That the civilian personnel for whom military education and training may be provided under this heading may also include members of national legislatures who are responsible for the oversight and management of the military: *Provided further*, That none of the funds appropriated under this heading shall be available for Indonesia and Zaire.

FOREIGN MILITARY FINANCING PROGRAM

For expenses necessary for grants to enable the President to carry out the provisions of section 23 of the Arms Export Control Act, \$3,175,000,000: *Provided*, That funds appropriated by this paragraph that are made available for Israel shall be available as grants and shall be disbursed within thirty days of enactment of this Act or by October 31, 1993, whichever is later: *Provided further*, That funds appropriated by this paragraph that are made available for Egypt shall be available as grants: *Provided further*, That funds made available under this paragraph shall be nonrepayable notwithstanding

any requirement in section 23 of the Arms Export Control Act.

For the cost, as defined in section 13201 of the Budget Enforcement Act of 1990, of direct loans authorized by section 23 of the Arms Export Control Act as follows: cost of direct loans, \$46,530,000: *Provided*, That these funds are available to subsidize gross obligations for the principal amount of direct loans of not to exceed \$769,500,000: *Provided further*, That the rate of interest charged on such loans shall be not less than the current average market yield on outstanding marketable obligations of the United States of comparable maturities: *Provided further*, That funds appropriated under this heading shall be made available for Portugal, Greece and Turkey only on a loan basis: *Provided further*, That the principal amount of loans made available for Greece and Turkey shall be made available according to a 7 to 10 ratio.

None of the funds made available under this heading shall be available to finance the procurement of defense articles, defense services, or design and construction services that are not sold by the United States Government under the Arms Export Control Act unless the foreign country proposing to make such procurements has first signed an agreement with the United States Government specifying the conditions under which such procurements may be financed with such funds: *Provided*, That all country and funding level increases in allocations shall be submitted through the regular notification procedures of section 515 of this Act: *Provided further*, That funds made available under this heading shall be obligated upon apportionment in accordance with paragraph (5)(C) of title 31, United States Code, section 1501(a): *Provided further*, That none of the funds appropriated under this heading shall be available for Zaire, Sudan, Liberia, Guatemala, Peru, and Malawi: *Provided further*, That not more than \$100,000,000 of the funds made available under this heading shall be available for use in financing the procurement of defense articles, defense services, or design and construction services that are not sold by the United States Government under the Arms Export Control Act to countries other than Israel and Egypt: *Provided further*, That only those countries for which assistance was justified for the "Foreign Military Sales Financing Program" in the fiscal year 1989 congressional presentation for security assistance programs may utilize funds made available under this heading for procurement of defense articles, defense services or design and construction services that are not sold by the United States Government under the Arms Export Control Act: *Provided further*, That funds appropriated under this heading shall be expended at the minimum rate necessary to make timely payment for defense articles and services: *Provided further*, That the Department of Defense shall conduct during the current fiscal year nonreimbursable audits of private firms whose contracts are made directly with foreign governments and are financed with funds made available under this heading (as well as subcontractors thereunder) as requested by the Defense Security Assistance Agency: *Provided further*, That not more than \$23,558,000 of the funds appropriated under this heading may be obligated for necessary expenses, including the purchase of passenger motor vehicles for replacement only for use outside of the United States, for the general costs of administering military assistance and sales: *Provided further*, That not more than \$290,000,000 of funds realized pursuant to section 21(e)(1)(A) of the Arms Export Control Act may be obligated for expenses incurred by the Department of Defense during the fiscal year 1994 pursuant to section 43(b) of the Arms Export Control Act, except that this limitation may be exceeded only through the regular notification

procedures of the Committees on Appropriations: *Provided further*, That none of the funds appropriated under this heading, and no employee of the Defense Security Assistance Agency, may be used to facilitate the transport of aircraft to commercial arms sales shows.

SPECIAL DEFENSE ACQUISITION FUND

Notwithstanding section 51 of the Arms Export Control Act, collections in excess of obligatory authority provided in prior appropriations Acts shall be deposited in the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.

PEACEKEEPING OPERATIONS

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of section 551 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, \$75,623,000.

NONPROLIFERATION AND DISARMAMENT FUND

For necessary expenses for a "Non-proliferation and Disarmament Fund", \$10,000,000, to remain available until expended, to promote bilateral and multilateral activities: *Provided*, That such funds may be used pursuant to the authorities contained in section 504 of the FREEDOM Support Act: *Provided further*, That such funds may also be used for such countries other than the new independent states of the former Soviet Union and international organizations when it is in the national security interest of the United States to do so: *Provided further*, That funds appropriated under this heading may be made available notwithstanding any other provision of law: *Provided further*, That funds appropriated under this heading shall be subject to the regular notification procedures of the Committees on Appropriations.

TITLE IV—EXPORT ASSISTANCE

EXPORT-IMPORT BANK OF THE UNITED STATES

The Export-Import Bank of the United States is authorized to make such expenditures within the limits of funds and borrowing authority available to such corporation, and in accordance with law, and to make such contracts and commitments without regard to fiscal year limitations, as provided by section 104 of the Government Corporation Control Act, as may be necessary in carrying out the program for the current fiscal year for such corporation: *Provided*, That none of the funds available during the current fiscal year may be used to make expenditures, contracts, or commitments for the export of nuclear equipment, fuel, or technology to any country other than a nuclear-weapon State as defined in article IX of the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons eligible to receive economic or military assistance under this Act that has detonated a nuclear explosive after the date of enactment of this Act.

SUBSIDY APPROPRIATION

For the cost of direct loans, loan guarantees, insurance, and tied-aid grants as authorized by section 10 of the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945, as amended, \$700,000,000: *Provided*, That such costs, including the cost of modifying such loans, shall be as defined in section 502 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974: *Provided further*, That such sums shall remain available until 2009 for the disbursement of direct loans, loan guarantees, insurance and tied-aid grants obligated in fiscal year 1994: *Provided further*, That up to \$50,000,000 of funds appropriated by this paragraph shall remain available until expended and may be used for tied-aid grant purposes: *Provided further*, That none of the funds appropriated by this paragraph may be used for tied-aid credits or grants except through the regular notification procedures of the Committees on Appropriations: *Provided further*, That funds appropriated by this paragraph are made available notwithstanding section 2(b)(2) of the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945,

in connection with the purchase or lease of any product by any East European country, any Baltic State, or any agency or national thereof.

ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

For administrative expenses to carry out the direct and guaranteed loan and insurance programs (to be computed on an accrual basis), including hire of passenger motor vehicles and services as authorized by 5 U.S.C. 3109, and not to exceed \$20,000 for official reception and representation expenses for members of the Board of Directors, \$45,369,000: *Provided*, That necessary expenses (including special services performed on a contract or fee basis, but not including other personal services) in connection with the collection of moneys owed the Export-Import Bank, repossession or sale of pledged collateral or other assets acquired by the Export-Import Bank in satisfaction of moneys owed the Export-Import Bank, or the investigation or appraisal of any property, or the evaluation of the legal or technical aspects of any transaction for which an application for a loan, guarantee or insurance commitment has been made, shall be considered nonadministrative expenses for the purposes of this heading.

FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT TRADE AND DEVELOPMENT AGENCY

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of section 661 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, \$40,000,000.

TITLE V—GENERAL PROVISIONS OBLIGATIONS DURING LAST MONTH OF AVAILABILITY

SEC. 501. Except for the appropriations entitled "International Disaster Assistance", and "United States Emergency Refugee and Migration Assistance Fund", not more than 15 per centum of any appropriation item made available by this Act shall be obligated during the last month of availability.

PROHIBITION OF BILATERAL FUNDING FOR INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

SEC. 502. None of the funds contained in title II of this Act may be used to carry out the provisions of section 209(d) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961.

LIMITATION ON RESIDENCE EXPENSES

SEC. 503. Of the funds appropriated or made available pursuant to this Act, not to exceed \$126,500 shall be for official residence expenses of the Agency for International Development during the current fiscal year: *Provided*, That appropriate steps shall be taken to assure that, to the maximum extent possible, United States-owned foreign currencies are utilized in lieu of dollars.

LIMITATION ON EXPENSES

SEC. 504. Of the funds appropriated or made available pursuant to this Act, not to exceed \$5,000 shall be for entertainment expenses of the Agency for International Development during the current fiscal year.

LIMITATION ON REPRESENTATIONAL ALLOWANCES

SEC. 505. Of the funds appropriated or made available pursuant to this Act, not to exceed \$95,000 shall be available for representation allowances for the Agency for International Development during the current fiscal year: *Provided*, That appropriate steps shall be taken to assure that, to the maximum extent possible, United States-owned foreign currencies are utilized in lieu of dollars: *Provided further*, That of the funds made available by this Act for general costs of administering military assistance and sales under the heading "Foreign Military Financing Program", not to exceed \$2,000 shall be available for entertainment expenses and not to exceed \$50,000 shall be available for representation allowances: *Provided further*, That of

the funds made available by this Act under the heading "International Military Education and Training", not to exceed \$50,000 shall be available for entertainment allowances: *Provided further*, That of the funds made available by this Act for the Inter-American Foundation, not to exceed \$2,000 shall be available for entertainment and representation allowances: *Provided further*, That of the funds made available by this Act for the Peace Corps, not to exceed a total of \$4,000 shall be available for entertainment expenses: *Provided further*, That of the funds made available by this Act under the heading "Trade and Development Agency", not to exceed \$2,000 shall be available for representation and entertainment allowances.

PROHIBITION ON FINANCING NUCLEAR GOODS

SEC. 506. None of the funds appropriated or made available (other than funds for "International Organizations and Programs") pursuant to this Act, for carrying out the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, may be used, except for purposes of nuclear safety, to finance the export of nuclear equipment, fuel, or technology.

PROHIBITION AGAINST DIRECT FUNDING FOR CERTAIN COUNTRIES

SEC. 507. None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available pursuant to this Act shall be obligated or expended to finance directly any assistance or reparations to Cuba, Iraq, Libya, the Socialist Republic of Vietnam, Iran, Serbia, Sudan, or Syria: *Provided*, That for purposes of this section, the prohibition on obligations or expenditures shall include direct loans, credits, insurance and guarantees of the Export-Import Bank or its agents.

MILITARY COUPS

SEC. 508. None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available pursuant to this Act shall be obligated or expended to finance directly any assistance to any country whose duly elected Head of Government is deposed by military coup or decree: *Provided*, That assistance may be resumed to such country if the President determines and reports to the Committees on Appropriations that subsequent to the termination of assistance a democratically elected government has taken office.

TRANSFERS BETWEEN ACCOUNTS

SEC. 509. None of the funds made available by this Act may be obligated under an appropriation account to which they were not appropriated, unless the President, prior to the exercise of any authority contained in the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 to transfer funds, consults with and provides a written policy justification to the Committees on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Senate: *Provided*, That the exercise of such authority shall be subject to the regular notification procedures of the Committees on Appropriations.

DEOBLIGATION/REOBLIGATION AUTHORITY

SEC. 510. (a) Amounts certified pursuant to section 1311 of the Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1955, as having been obligated against appropriations heretofore made under the authority of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 for the same general purpose as any of the headings under the "Agency for International Development" are, if deobligated, hereby continued available for the same period as the respective appropriations under such headings or until September 30, 1994, whichever is later, and for the same general purpose, and for countries within the same region as originally obligated: *Provided*, That the Appropriations Committees of both Houses of the Congress are notified fifteen days in advance of the deobligation and reobligation of such funds in accordance with regular notification pro-

cedures of the Committees on Appropriations.

(b) Obligated balances of funds appropriated to carry out section 23 of the Arms Export Control Act as of the end of the fiscal year immediately preceding the current fiscal year are, if debobligated, hereby continued available during the current fiscal year for the same purpose under any authority applicable to such appropriations under this Act.

AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS

SEC. 511. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall remain available for obligation after the expiration of the current fiscal year unless expressly so provided in this Act: *Provided*, That funds appropriated for the purposes of chapter 1 of part I, section 667, and chapter 4 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as amended, shall remain available until expended if such funds are initially obligated before the expiration of their respective periods of availability contained in this Act: *Provided further*, That, notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, any funds made available for the purposes of chapter 1 of part I and chapter 4 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 which are allocated or obligated for cash disbursements in order to address balance of payments or economic policy reform objectives, shall remain available until expended: *Provided further*, That the report required by section 653(a) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 shall designate for each country, to the extent known at the time of submission of such report, those funds allocated for cash disbursement for balance of payment and economic policy reform purposes.

LIMITATION ON ASSISTANCE TO COUNTRIES IN DEFAULT

SEC. 512. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used to furnish assistance to any country which is in default during a period in excess of one calendar year in payment to the United States of principal or interest on any loan made to such country by the United States pursuant to a program for which funds are appropriated under this Act: *Provided*, That this section and section 620(q) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 shall not apply to funds made available in this Act or during the current fiscal year for Nicaragua, and for any narcotics-related assistance for Colombia, Bolivia, and Peru authorized by the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 or the Arms Export Control Act.

COMMERCE AND TRADE

SEC. 513. (a) None of the funds appropriated or made available pursuant to this Act for direct assistance and none of the funds otherwise made available pursuant to this Act to the Export-Import Bank and the Overseas Private Investment Corporation shall be obligated or expended to finance any loan, any assistance or any other financial commitments for establishing or expanding production of any commodity for export by any country other than the United States, if the commodity is likely to be in surplus on world markets at the time the resulting productive capacity is expected to become operative and if the assistance will cause substantial injury to United States producers of the same, similar, or competing commodity: *Provided*, That such prohibition shall not apply to the Export-Import Bank if in the judgment of its Board of Directors the benefits to industry and employment in the United States are likely to outweigh the injury to United States producers of the same, similar, or competing commodity.

(b) None of the funds appropriated by this or any other Act to carry out chapter 1 of part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 shall be available for any testing or breeding

feasibility study, variety improvement or introduction, consultancy, publication, conference, or training in connection with the growth or production in a foreign country of an agricultural commodity for export which would compete with a similar commodity grown or produced in the United States: *Provided*, That this subsection shall not prohibit—

(1) activities designed to increase food security in developing countries where such activities will not have a significant impact in the export of agricultural commodities of the United States; or

(2) research activities intended primarily to benefit American producers.

(c) None of the funds provided in this Act to the Agency for International Development, other than funds made available to carry out Caribbean Basin Initiative programs under the Tariff Schedules of the United States, section 1202 of title 19, United States Code, schedule 8, part I, subpart B, item 807.00, shall be obligated or expended—

(1) to procure directly feasibility studies or prefeasibility studies for, or project profiles of potential investment in, the manufacture, for export to the United States or to third country markets in direct competition with United States exports, of import-sensitive articles as defined by section 503(c)(1) (A) and (E) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 2463(c)(1) (A) and (E)); or

(2) to assist directly in the establishment of facilities specifically designed for the manufacture, for export to the United States or to third country markets in direct competition with United States exports, of import-sensitive articles as defined in section 503(c)(1) (A) and (E) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 2463(c)(1) (A) and (E)).

SURPLUS COMMODITIES

SEC. 514. The Secretary of the Treasury shall instruct the United States Executive Directors of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, the International Development Association, the International Finance Corporation, the Inter-American Development Bank, the International Monetary Fund, the Asian Development Bank, the Inter-American Investment Corporation, the African Development Bank, and the African Development Fund to use the voice and vote of the United States to oppose any assistance by these institutions, using funds appropriated or made available pursuant to this Act, for the production or extraction of any commodity or mineral for export, if it is in surplus on world markets and if the assistance will cause substantial injury to United States producers of the same, similar, or competing commodity.

NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS

SEC. 515. For the purposes of providing the Executive Branch with the necessary administrative flexibility, none of the funds made available under this Act for "Development Assistance Fund", "Population, Development Assistance", "Development Fund for Africa", "International organizations and programs", "American schools and hospitals abroad", "Trade and development agency", "International narcotics control", "Economic support fund", "Peacekeeping operations", "Operating expenses of the Agency for International Development", "Operating expenses of the Agency for International Development Office of Inspector General", "Anti-terrorism assistance", "Foreign Military Financing Program", "International military education and training", "Inter-American Foundation", "African Development Foundation", "Peace Corps", or "Migration and refugee assistance", shall be available for obligation for activities, programs, projects, type of materiel assistance, countries, or other operation not justified or

in excess of the amount justified to the Appropriations Committees for obligation under any of these specific headings unless the Appropriations Committees of both Houses of Congress are previously notified fifteen days in advance: *Provided*, That the President shall not enter into any commitment of funds appropriated for the purposes of section 23 of the Arms Export Control Act for the provision of major defense equipment, other than conventional ammunition, or other major defense items defined to be aircraft, ships, missiles, or combat vehicles, not previously justified to Congress or 20 per centum in excess of the quantities justified to Congress unless the Committees on Appropriations are notified fifteen days in advance of such commitment: *Provided further*, That this section shall not apply to any reprogramming for an activity, program, or project under chapter 1 of part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 of less than 20 per centum of the amount previously justified to the Congress for obligation for such activity, program, or project for the current fiscal year: *Provided further*, That the requirements of this section or any similar provision of this Act requiring notification in accordance with the regular notification procedures of the Committees on Appropriations may be waived if failure to do so would pose a substantial risk to human health or welfare: *Provided further*, That in case of any such waiver, notification to the Congress, or the appropriate congressional committees, shall be provided as early as practicable, but in no event later than three days after taking the action to which such notification requirement was applicable, in the context of the circumstances necessitating such waiver: *Provided further*, That any notification provided pursuant to such a waiver shall contain an explanation of the emergency circumstances.

Drawdowns made pursuant to section 506(a)(2) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 shall be subject to the regular notification procedures of the Committees on Appropriations.

LIMITATION ON AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS FOR INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS AND PROGRAMS

SEC. 516. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law or of this Act, none of the funds provided for "International Organizations and Programs" shall be available for the United States proportionate share for any programs for the Palestine Liberation Organization (or for projects whose purpose is to provide benefits to the Palestine Liberation Organization or entities associated with it), Libya, Iran, or, at the discretion of the President, Communist countries listed in section 620(f) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as amended: *Provided*, That, subject to the regular notification procedures of the Committees on Appropriations, funds appropriated under this Act or any previously enacted Act making appropriations for foreign operations, export financing, and related programs, which are returned or not made available for organizations and programs because of the implementation of this section or any similar provision of law, shall remain available for obligation through September 30, 1995.

(b) The United States shall not make any voluntary or assessed contribution—

(1) to any affiliated organization of the United Nations which grants full membership as a state to any organization or group that does not have the internationally recognized attributes of statehood, or

(2) to the United Nations, if the United Nations grants full membership as a state in the United Nations to any organization or group that does not have the internationally recognized attributes of statehood,

during any period in which such membership is effective.

ECONOMIC SUPPORT FUND ASSISTANCE FOR ISRAEL

SEC. 517. The Congress finds that progress on the peace process in the Middle East is vitally important to United States security interests in the region. The Congress recognizes that, in fulfilling its obligations under the Treaty of Peace Between the Arab Republic of Egypt and the State of Israel, done at Washington on March 26, 1979, Israel incurred severe economic burdens. Furthermore, the Congress recognizes that an economically and militarily secure Israel serves the security interests of the United States, for a secure Israel is an Israel which has the incentive and confidence to continue pursuing the peace process. Therefore, the Congress declares that it is the policy and the intention of the United States that the funds provided in annual appropriations for the Economic Support Fund which are allocated to Israel shall not be less than the annual debt repayment (interest and principal) from Israel to the United States Government in recognition that such a principle serves United States interests in the region.

PROHIBITION CONCERNING ABORTIONS AND INVOLUNTARY STERILIZATION

SEC. 518. None of the funds made available to carry out part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as amended, may be used to pay for the performance of abortions as a method of family planning or to motivate or coerce any person to practice abortions. None of the funds made available to carry out part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as amended, may be used to pay for the performance of involuntary sterilization as a method of family planning or to coerce or provide any financial incentive to any person to undergo sterilizations. None of the funds made available to carry out part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as amended, may be used to pay for any biomedical research which relates in whole or in part, to methods of, or the performance of, abortions or involuntary sterilization as a means of family planning. None of the funds made available to carry out part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as amended, may be obligated or expended for any country or organization if the President certifies that the use of these funds by any such country or organization would violate any of the above provisions related to abortions and involuntary sterilizations. The Congress reaffirms its commitments to Population, Development Assistance and to the need for informed voluntary family planning.

REPORTING REQUIREMENT

SEC. 519. The President shall submit to the Committees on Appropriations the reports required by section 25(a)(1) of the Arms Export Control Act.

SPECIAL NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS

SEC. 520. None of the funds appropriated in this Act shall be obligated or expended for Afghanistan, Cambodia, El Salvador, Guatemala, Haiti, Indonesia, Jordan, Liberia, Malawi, Peru, Sudan, Togo, or Zaire except as provided through the regular notification procedures of the Committees on Appropriations.

DEFINITION OF PROGRAM, PROJECT, AND ACTIVITY

SEC. 521. For the purpose of this Act, "program, project, and activity" shall be defined at the Appropriations Act account level and shall include all Appropriations and Authorizations Acts earmarks, ceilings, and limitations with the exception that for the following accounts: Economic Support Fund and Foreign Military Financing Program, "program, project, and activity" shall also be

considered to include country, regional, and central program level funding within each such account; for the development assistance accounts of the Agency for International Development "program, project, and activity" shall also be considered to include central program level funding, either as (1) justified to the Congress, or (2) allocated by the executive branch in accordance with a report, to be provided to the Committees on Appropriations within thirty days of enactment of this Act, as required by section 653(a) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961.

FAMILY PLANNING, CHILD SURVIVAL AND AIDS ACTIVITIES

SEC. 522. Up to \$8,000,000 of the funds made available by this Act for assistance for family planning, health, child survival, and AIDS, may be used to reimburse United States Government agencies, agencies of State governments, institutions of higher learning, and private and voluntary organizations for the full cost of individuals (including for the personal services of such individuals) detailed or assigned to, or contracted by, as the case may be, the Agency for International Development for the purpose of carrying out family planning activities, child survival activities and activities relating to research on, and the treatment and control of, acquired immune deficiency syndrome in developing countries: *Provided*, That such individuals shall not be included within any personnel ceiling applicable to any United States Government agency during the period of detail or assignment: *Provided further*, That funds appropriated by this Act that are made available for child survival activities or activities relating to research on, and the treatment and control of, acquired immune deficiency syndrome may be made available notwithstanding any provision of law that restricts assistance to foreign countries: *Provided further*, That funds appropriated by this Act that are made available for family planning activities may be made available notwithstanding section 512 of this Act and section 620(q) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961.

PROHIBITION AGAINST INDIRECT FUNDING TO CERTAIN COUNTRIES

SEC. 523. None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available pursuant to this Act shall be obligated to finance indirectly any assistance or reparations to Cuba, Iraq, Libya, the Socialist Republic of Vietnam, Iran, Syria, North Korea, People's Republic of China, or Laos unless the President of the United States certifies that the withholding of these funds is contrary to the national interest of the United States.

RECIPROCAL LEASING

SEC. 524. Section 61(a) of the Arms Export Control Act is amended by striking out "1993" and inserting in lieu thereof "1994".

NOTIFICATION ON EXCESS DEFENSE EQUIPMENT

SEC. 525. Prior to providing excess Department of Defense articles in accordance with section 516(a) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, the Department of Defense shall notify the Committees on Appropriations to the same extent and under the same conditions as are other committees pursuant to subsection (c) of that section: *Provided*, That before issuing a letter of offer to sell excess defense articles under the Arms Export Control Act, the Department of Defense shall notify the Committees on Appropriations in accordance with the regular notification procedures of such Committees: *Provided further*, That such Committees shall also be informed of the original acquisition cost of such defense articles.

AUTHORIZATION REQUIREMENT

SEC. 526. Funds appropriated by Title I through V of this Act may be obligated and

expended subject to section 10 of Public Law 91-672 and section 15 of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956.

DEPLETED URANIUM

SEC. 527. None of the funds provided in this or any other Act may be made available to facilitate in any way the sale of M-833 anti-tank shells or any comparable antitank shells containing a depleted uranium penetrating component to any country other than (1) countries which are members of NATO, (2) countries which have been designated as a major non-NATO ally for purposes of section 1105 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1987 or, (3) Taiwan: *Provided*, That funds may be made available to facilitate the sale of such shells notwithstanding the limitations of this section if the President determines that to do so is in the national security interest of the United States.

OPPOSITION TO ASSISTANCE TO TERRORIST COUNTRIES BY INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

SEC. 528. (a) INSTRUCTIONS FOR UNITED STATES EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall instruct the United States Executive Director of each international financial institution to vote against any loan or other use of the funds of the respective institution to or for a country for which the Secretary of State has made a determination under section 6(j) of the Export Administration Act of 1979.

(b) DEFINITION.—For purposes of this section, the term "international financial institution" includes—

(1) the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, the International Development Association, and the International Monetary Fund; and

(2) wherever applicable, the Inter-American Development Bank, the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, the African Development Fund, and the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development.

PROHIBITION ON BILATERAL ASSISTANCE TO TERRORIST COUNTRIES

SEC. 529. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, funds appropriated for bilateral assistance under any heading of this Act and funds appropriated under any such heading in a provision of law enacted prior to enactment of this Act, shall not be made available to any country which the President determines—

(1) grants sanctuary from prosecution to any individual or group which has committed an act of international terrorism, or

(2) otherwise supports international terrorism.

(b) The President may waive the application of subsection (a) to a country if the President determines that national security or humanitarian reasons justify such waiver. The President shall publish each waiver in the Federal Register and, at least fifteen days before the waiver takes effect, shall notify the Committees on Appropriations of the waiver (including the justification for the waiver) in accordance with the regular notification procedures of the Committees on Appropriations.

COMMERCIAL LEASING OF DEFENSE ARTICLES

SEC. 530. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, and subject to the regular notification requirements of the Committees on Appropriations, the authority of section 23(a) of the Arms Export Control Act may be used to provide financing to Israel and Egypt and NATO and major non-NATO allies for the procurement by leasing (including leasing with an option to purchase) of defense articles from United States commercial suppliers, not including Major Defense Equipment (other than helicopters and other types of

aircraft having possible civilian application), if the President determines that there are compelling foreign policy or national security reasons for those defense articles being provided by commercial lease rather than by government-to-government sale under such Act.

COMPETITIVE INSURANCE

SEC. 531. All Agency for International Development contracts and solicitations, and subcontracts entered into under such contracts, shall include a clause requiring that United States marine insurance companies have a fair opportunity to bid for marine insurance when such insurance is necessary or appropriate.

STINGERS IN THE PERSIAN GULF REGION

SEC. 532. Except as provided in section 581 of the Foreign Operations, Export Financing, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 1990, the United States may not sell or otherwise make available any Stingers to any country bordering the Persian Gulf under the Arms Export Control Act or chapter 2 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961.

PROHIBITION ON LEVERAGING AND DIVERSION OF UNITED STATES ASSISTANCE

SEC. 533. (a) None of the funds appropriated by this Act may be provided to any foreign government (including any instrumentality or agency thereof), foreign person, or United States person in exchange for that foreign government or person undertaking any action which is, if carried out by the United States Government, a United States official or employee, expressly prohibited by a provision of United States law.

(b) For the purposes of this section the term "funds appropriated by this Act" includes only (1) assistance of any kind under the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961; and (2) credits, and guaranties under the Arms Export Control Act.

(c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit—

(1) the ability of the President, the Vice President, or any official or employee of the United States to make statements or otherwise express their views to any party on any subject;

(2) the ability of an official or employee of the United States to express the policies of the President; or

(3) the ability of an official or employee of the United States to communicate with any foreign country government, group or individual, either directly or through a third party, with respect to the prohibitions of this section including the reasons for such prohibitions, and the actions, terms, or conditions which might lead to the removal of the prohibitions of this section.

DEBT-FOR-DEVELOPMENT

SEC. 534. In order to enhance the continued participation of nongovernmental organizations in economic assistance activities under the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, including endowments, debt-for-development and debt-for-nature exchanges, a nongovernmental organization which is a grantee or contractor of the Agency for International Development may place in interest bearing accounts funds made available under this Act or prior Acts or local currencies which accrue to that organization as a result of economic assistance provided under the heading "Agency for International Development" and any interest earned on such investment may be for the purpose for which the assistance was provided to that organization.

LOCATION OF STOCKPILES

SEC. 535. Section 514(b)(2) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended by striking out "\$389,000,000 for fiscal year 1993, of which amount not less than \$200,000,000 shall be available for stockpiles in Israel, and up to

\$189,000,000 may be available for stockpiles in the Republic of Korea" and inserting in lieu thereof "\$200,000,000 for stockpiles in Israel for fiscal year 1994".

ASSISTANCE FOR PAKISTAN

SEC. 536. (a) The date specified in section 620E(d) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 is amended to read as follows: "September 30, 1994".

(b) None of the funds appropriated in this Act shall be obligated or expended for Pakistan except as provided through the regular notification procedures of the Committees on Appropriations.

SEPARATE ACCOUNTS

SEC. 537. (a) SEPARATE ACCOUNTS FOR LOCAL CURRENCIES.—(1) If assistance is furnished to the government of a foreign country under chapters 1 and 10 of part I (including the Philippines Multilateral Assistance Initiative) or chapter 4 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 under agreements which result in the generation of local currencies of that country, the Administrator of the Agency for International Development shall—

(A) require that local currencies be deposited in a separate account established by that government;

(B) enter into an agreement with that government which sets forth—

(i) the amount of the local currencies to be generated, and

(ii) the terms and conditions under which the currencies so deposited may be utilized, consistent with this section; and

(C) establish by agreement with that government the responsibilities of the Agency for International Development and that government to monitor and account for deposits into and disbursements from the separate account.

(2) USES OF LOCAL CURRENCIES.—As may be agreed upon with the foreign government, local currencies deposited in a separate account pursuant to subsection (a), or an equivalent amount of local currencies, shall be used only—

(A) to carry out chapters 1 or 10 of part I or chapter 4 of part II (as the case may be), for such purposes as:

(i) project and sector assistance activities, or

(ii) debt and deficit financing; or

(B) for the administrative requirements of the United States Government.

(3) PROGRAMMING ACCOUNTABILITY.—The Agency for International Development shall take all appropriate steps to ensure that the equivalent of the local currencies disbursed pursuant to subsection (a)(2)(A) from the separate account established pursuant to subsection (a)(1) are used for the purposes agreed upon pursuant to subsection (a)(2).

(4) TERMINATION OF ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS.—Upon termination of assistance to a country under chapters 1 or 10 of part I or chapter 4 of part II (as the case may be), any unencumbered balances of funds which remain in a separate account established pursuant to subsection (a) shall be disposed of for such purposes as may be agreed to by the government of that country and the United States Government.

(5) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—The provisions of this subsection shall supersede the tenth and eleventh provisos contained under the heading "Sub-Saharan Africa, Development Assistance" as included in the Foreign Operations, Export Financing, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 1989 and sections 531(d) and 609 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961.

(b) SEPARATE ACCOUNTS FOR CASH TRANSFERS.—(1) If assistance is made available to the government of a foreign country, under chapters 1 or 10 of part I (including the Philippines Multilateral Assistance Initiative) or

chapter 4 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as cash transfer assistance or as nonproject sector assistance, that country shall be required to maintain such funds in a separate account and not commingle them with any other funds.

(2) APPLICABILITY OF OTHER PROVISIONS OF LAW.—Such funds may be obligated and expended notwithstanding provisions of law which are inconsistent with the nature of this assistance including provisions which are referenced in the Joint Explanatory Statement of the Committee of Conference accompanying House Joint Resolution 648 (H. Report No. 98-1159).

(3) NOTIFICATION.—At least fifteen days prior to obligating any such cash transfer or nonproject sector assistance, the President shall submit a notification through the regular notification procedures of the Committees on Appropriations, which shall include a detailed description of how the funds proposed to be made available will be used, with a discussion of the United States interests that will be served by the assistance (including, as appropriate, a description of the economic policy reforms that will be promoted by such assistance).

(4) EXEMPTION.—Nonproject sector assistance funds may be exempt from the requirements of subsection (b)(1) only through the notification procedures of the Committees on Appropriations.

COMPENSATION FOR UNITED STATES EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS TO INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

SEC. 538. (a) No funds appropriated by this Act may be made as payment to any international financial institution while the United States Executive Director to such institution is compensated by the institution at a rate which, together with whatever compensation such Director receives from the United States, is in excess of the rate provided for an individual occupying a position at level IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, or while any alternate United States Director to such institution is compensated by the institution at a rate in excess of the rate provided for an individual occupying a position at level V of the Executive Schedule under section 5316 of title 5, United States Code.

(b) For purposes of this section, "international financial institutions" are: the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, the Inter-American Development Bank, the Asian Development Bank, the Asian Development Fund, the African Development Bank, the African Development Fund, the International Monetary Fund, and the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development.

COMPLIANCE WITH UNITED NATIONS SANCTIONS AGAINST IRAQ

SEC. 539. (a) DENIAL OF ASSISTANCE.—None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available pursuant to this Act to carry out the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (including title IV of chapter 2 of part I, relating to the Overseas Private Investment Corporation) or the Arms Export Control Act may be used to provide assistance to any country that is not in compliance with the United Nations Security Council sanctions against Iraq unless the President determines and so certifies to the Congress that—

(1) such assistance is in the national interest of the United States;

(2) such assistance will directly benefit the needy people in that country; or

(3) the assistance to be provided will be humanitarian assistance for foreign nationals who have fled Iraq and Kuwait.

(b) IMPORT SANCTIONS.—If the President considers that the taking of such action would promote the effectiveness of the economic sanctions of the United Nations and

the United States imposed with respect to Iraq, and is consistent with the national interest, the President may prohibit, for such a period of time as he considers appropriate, the importation into the United States of any or all products of any foreign country that has not prohibited—

- (1) the importation of products of Iraq into its customs territory, and
- (2) the export of its products to Iraq.

POW/MIA MILITARY DRAWDOWN

SEC. 540. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the President may direct the drawdown, without reimbursement by the recipient, of defense articles from the stocks of the Department of Defense, defense services of the Department of Defense, and military education and training, of an aggregate value not to exceed \$15,000,000 in fiscal year 1994, as may be necessary to carry out subsection (b).

(b) Such defense articles, services and training may be provided to Cambodia and Laos, under subsection (a) as the President determines are necessary to support efforts to locate and repatriate members of the United States Armed Forces and civilians employed directly or indirectly by the United States Government who remain unaccounted for from the Vietnam War, and to ensure the safety of United States Government personnel engaged in such cooperative efforts and to support United States Department of Defense-sponsored humanitarian projects associated with the POW/MIA efforts. Any aircraft shall be provided under this section only to Laos and only on a lease or loan basis, but may be provided at no cost notwithstanding section 61 of the Arms Export Control Act and may be maintained with defense articles, services and training provided under this section.

(c) The President shall, within sixty days of the end of any fiscal year in which the authority of subsection (a) is exercised, submit a report to the Congress which identifies the articles, services, and training drawn down under this section.

(d) There are authorized to be appropriated to the President such sums as may be necessary to reimburse the applicable appropriation, fund, or account for defense articles, defense services, and military education and training provided under this section.

MEDITERRANEAN EXCESS DEFENSE ARTICLES

SEC. 541. During fiscal year 1994, the provisions of section 573(e) of the Foreign Operations, Export Financing, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 1990, shall be applicable, for the period specified therein, to excess defense articles made available under sections 516 and 519 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961.

PRIORITY DELIVERY OF EQUIPMENT

SEC. 542. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the delivery of excess defense articles that are to be transferred on a grant basis under section 516 of the Foreign Assistance Act to NATO allies and to major non-NATO allies on the southern and southeastern flank of NATO shall be given priority to the maximum extent feasible over the delivery of such excess defense articles to other countries.

ISRAEL DRAWDOWN

SEC. 543. Section 599B(a) of the Foreign Operations, Export Financing, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 1991 (as amended by Public Law 102-145, as amended, and Public Law 102-391), is further amended—

(a) by striking out “fiscal year 1993” and inserting in lieu thereof “fiscal year 1994”; and

(b) by striking out “Appropriations Act, 1993” and inserting in lieu thereof “Appropriations Act, 1994”.

CASH FLOW FINANCING

SEC. 544. For each country that has been approved for cash flow financing (as defined in section 25(d) of the Arms Export Control Act, as added by section 112(b) of Public Law 99-83) under the Foreign Military Financing Program, any Letter of Offer and Acceptance or other purchase agreement, or any amendment thereto, for a procurement in excess of \$100,000,000 that is to be financed in whole or in part with funds made available under this Act shall be submitted through the regular notification procedures to the Committees on Appropriations.

RESCISSION

SEC. 545. Of the unexpended balances of funds (including earmarked funds) made available for fiscal years 1987 through 1993 to carry out the provisions of chapter 4 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, \$185,000,000 are rescinded.

AUTHORITIES FOR THE PEACE CORPS, THE INTER-AMERICAN FOUNDATION AND THE AFRICAN DEVELOPMENT FOUNDATION

SEC. 546. Unless expressly provided to the contrary, provisions of this or any other Act, including provisions contained in prior Acts authorizing or making appropriations for foreign operations, export financing, and related programs, shall not be construed to prohibit activities authorized by or conducted under the Peace Corps Act, the Inter-American Foundation Act, or the African Development Foundation Act. The appropriate agency shall promptly report to the Committees on Appropriations whenever it is conducting activities or is proposing to conduct activities in a country for which assistance is prohibited.

IMPACT ON JOBS IN THE UNITED STATES

SEC. 547. None of the funds appropriated by this Act may be obligated or expended to provide—

(a) any financial incentive to a business enterprise currently located in the United States for the purpose of inducing such an enterprise to relocate outside the United States if such incentive or inducement is likely to reduce the number of employees of such business enterprise in the United States because United States production is being replaced by such enterprise outside the United States;

(b) assistance for the purpose of establishing or developing in a foreign country any export processing zone or designated area in which the tax, tariff, labor, environment, and safety laws of that country do not apply, in part or in whole, to activities carried out within that zone or area, unless the President determines and certifies that such assistance is not likely to cause a loss of jobs within the United States; or

(c) assistance for any project or activity that contributes to the violation of internationally recognized workers rights, as defined in section 502(a)(4) of the Trade Act of 1974, of workers in the recipient country, including any designated zone or area in that country: *Provided*, That in recognition that the application of this subsection should be commensurate with the level of development of the recipient country and sector, the provisions of this subsection shall not preclude assistance for the informal sector in such country, micro and small-scale enterprise, and smallholder agriculture.

AUTHORITY TO ASSIST BOSNIA-HERCEGOVINA

SEC. 548. (a) Congress finds as follows:

(1) the United Nations has imposed an embargo on the transfer of arms to any country on the territory of the former Yugoslavia;

(2) the federated states of Serbia and Montenegro have a large supply of military equipment and ammunition and the Serbian forces fighting the government of Bosnia-

Hercegovina have more than one thousand battle tanks, armored vehicles, and artillery pieces; and

(3) because the United Nations arms embargo is serving to sustain the military advantage of the aggressor, the United Nations should exempt the government of Bosnia-Hercegovina from its embargo.

(b) Pursuant to a lifting of the United Nations arms embargo against Bosnia-Hercegovina, the President is authorized to transfer to the government of that nation, without reimbursement, defense articles from the stocks of the Department of Defense of an aggregate value not to exceed \$50,000,000 in fiscal year 1994: *Provided*, That the President certifies in a timely fashion to the Congress that—

(1) the transfer of such articles would assist that nation in self-defense and thereby promote the security and stability of the region; and

(2) United States allies are prepared to join in such a military assistance effort.

(c) Within 60 days of any transfer under the authority provided in subsection (b), and every 60 days thereafter, the President shall report in writing to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President pro tempore of the Senate concerning the articles transferred and the disposition thereof.

(d) There are authorized to be appropriated to the President such sums as may be necessary to reimburse the applicable appropriation, fund, or account for defense articles provided under this section.

SPECIAL AUTHORITIES

SEC. 549. (a) Funds appropriated in title II of this Act that are made available for Haiti, Afghanistan, Lebanon, and Cambodia, and for victims of war, displaced children, displaced Burmese, humanitarian assistance for Romania, and humanitarian assistance for the peoples of Bosnia-Hercegovina, Croatia, and Kosova, may be made available notwithstanding any other provision of law: *Provided*, That any such funds that are made available for Cambodia shall be subject to the provisions of section 531(e) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 and section 906 of the International Security and Development Cooperation Act of 1985: *Provided further*, That the President shall terminate assistance to any Cambodian organization that he determines is cooperating, tactically or strategically, with the Khmer Rouge in their military operations.

(b) Funds appropriated by this Act to carry out the provisions of sections 103 through 106 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 may be used, notwithstanding any other provision of law, for the purpose of supporting tropical forestry and energy programs aimed at reducing emissions of greenhouse gases with regard to the key countries in which deforestation and energy policy would make a significant contribution to global warming: *Provided*, That such assistance shall be subject to sections 116, 502B, and 620A of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961.

POLICY ON TERMINATING THE ARAB LEAGUE BOYCOTT OF ISRAEL

SEC. 550. (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that—

(1) since 1948 the Arab countries have maintained a primary boycott against Israel, refusing to do business with Israel;

(2) since the early 1950s the Arab League has maintained a secondary and tertiary boycott against American and other companies that have commercial ties with Israel;

(3) the boycott seeks to coerce American firms by blacklisting those that do business with Israel and harm America's competitiveness;

(4) the United States has a longstanding policy opposing the Arab League boycott and United States law prohibits American firms

from providing information to Arab countries to demonstrate compliance with the boycott;

(5) with real progress being made in the Middle East peace process and the serious confidence-building measures taken by the State of Israel, and end to the Arab boycott of Israel and of American companies that have commercial ties with Israel is long overdue and would represent a significant confidence-building measure; and

(6) in the interest of Middle East peace and free commerce, the President must take more concrete steps to press the Arab states to end their practice of blacklisting and boycotting American companies that have trade ties with Israel.

(b) **POLICY.**—It is the sense of the Congress that—

(1) the Arab League countries should immediately and publicly renounce the primary boycott of Israel and the secondary and tertiary boycott of American firms that have commercial ties with Israel and

(2) the President should—

(A) take more concrete steps to encourage vigorously Arab League countries to renounce publicly the primary boycotts of Israel and the secondary and tertiary boycotts of American firms that have commercial relations with Israel as a confidence-building measure;

(B) take into consideration the participation of any recipient country in the primary boycott of Israel and the secondary and tertiary boycotts of American firms that have commercial relations with Israel when determining whether to sell weapons to said country;

(C) report to Congress on the specific steps being taken by the President to bring about a public renunciation of the Arab primary boycott of Israel and the secondary and tertiary boycotts of American firms that have commercial relations with Israel; and

(D) encourage the allies and trading partners of the United States to enact laws prohibiting businesses from complying with the boycott and penalizing businesses that do comply.

Titles I through V of this Act may be cited as the "Foreign Operations, Export Financing, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 1994".

TITLE VI—FISCAL YEAR 1993 SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS

The following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1993, and for other purposes, namely:

FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT

ASSISTANCE FOR THE NEW INDEPENDENT STATES OF THE FORMER SOVIET UNION

For an additional amount for the "Assistance for the new Independent States of the former Soviet Union" and for related programs, \$630,000,000, to be available upon enactment and to remain available until expended, of which not to exceed \$500,000,000 may be made available for a special privatization and restructuring fund: *Provided*, That the United States contribution for such fund shall not exceed one-quarter of the aggregate amount being made available for such fund by all countries: *Provided further*, That the provisions of section 498B(j) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 shall apply to funds appropriated by this paragraph.

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, DEFENSE AGENCIES

For an additional amount for "Operation and maintenance, Defense Agencies", \$979,000,000, to be available upon enactment

and to remain available until September 30, 1994: *Provided*, That the Secretary of Defense may transfer such funds to other appropriations available to the Department of Defense for the purposes of providing assistance to the new independent states of the former Soviet Union: *Provided further*, That the Secretary of Defense may transfer such funds to appropriations available to the Department of State and other agencies of the United States Government for the purposes of providing assistance and related programs for the new independent states of the former Soviet Union for programs that the President determines will increase the national security of the United States: *Provided further*, That the amounts transferred shall be available subject to the same terms and conditions as the appropriations to which transferred: *Provided further*, That the authority to make transfers pursuant to this provision is in addition to any other transfer authority of the Department of Defense.

This title may be cited as the "Supplemental Appropriations for the New Independent States of the Former Soviet Union Act, 1993".

The **SPEAKER** pro tempore, Mr. McNULTY, announced that the yeas had it.

Mr. WALKER demanded a recorded vote on agreeing to said amendment in the nature of a substitute, as amended, which demand was supported by one-fifth of a quorum, so a recorded vote was ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device.

It was decided in the { Yeas 418
affirmative Nays 0

70.18

[Roll No. 239]

AYES—418

Abercrombie
Ackerman
Allard
Andrews (ME)
Andrews (NJ)
Andrews (TX)
Applegate
Archer
Army
Bacchus (FL)
Bacchus (AL)
Baesler
Baker (CA)
Baker (LA)
Ballenger
Barca
Barcia
Barlow
Barrett (NE)
Barrett (WI)
Bartlett
Barton
Bateman
Becerra
Beilenson
Bentley
Bereuter
Berman
Bevill
Bilbray
Bilirakis
Bishop
Blackwell
Bliley
Blute
Boehlert
Boehner
Bonilla
Bonior
Borski
Boucher
Brewster
Brooks
Browder
Brown (CA)
Brown (FL)
Brown (OH)
Bryant

Bunning
Burton
Buyer
Byrne
Callahan
Calvert
Camp
Canady
Cantwell
Cardin
Carr
Castle
Chapman
Clay
Clayton
Clement
Clinger
Clyburn
Coble
Coleman
Collins (GA)
Collins (IL)
Collins (MI)
Combest
Condit
Conyers
Cooper
Coppersmith
Costello
Cox
Coyne
Cramer
Crane
Crapo
Cunningham
Danner
Darden
Deal
DeFazio
DeLauro
DeLay
Dellums
Derrick
Deutsch
Diaz-Balart
Dickey
Dicks
Dingell

Dixon
Dooley
Doolittle
Dornan
Dreier
Duncan
Dunn
Durbin
Edwards (CA)
Edwards (TX)
Emerson
Engel
English (AZ)
English (OK)
Eshoo
Evans
Everett
Ewing
Farr
Fawell
Fazio
Fields (LA)
Filner
Fingerhut
Fish
Flake
Foglietta
Ford (MI)
Ford (TN)
Fowler
Frank (MA)
Franks (CT)
Franks (NJ)
Frost
Furse
Gallegly
Gallo
Gejdenson
Gekas
Geren
Gibbons
Gilchrest
Gillmor
Gilman
Gringich
Glickman
Gonzalez
Goodling

Gordon
Goss
Grams
Grandy
Green
Greenwood
Gunderson
Gutierrez
Hall (OH)
Hall (TX)
Hamburg
Hamilton
Hancock
Hansen
Harman
Hastert
Hastings
Hayes
Hefley
Hefner
Herger
Hilliard
Hinchey
Hoagland
Hobson
Hochbrueckner
Hoekstra
Hoke
Holden
Horn
Houghton
Hoyer
Huffington
Hughes
Hutchinson
Hutto
Hyde
Inhofe
Inslee
Istook
Jacobs
Jefferson
Johnson (CT)
Johnson (GA)
Johnson (SD)
Johnson, E. B.
Johnson, Sam
Johnston
Kanjorski
Kaptur
Kasich
Kennedy
Kennelly
Kildee
Kim
King
Kingston
Klecza
Klein
Klink
Klug
Knollenberg
Kolbe
Kopetski
Kreidler
Kyl
LaFalce
Lambert
Lancaster
Lantos
LaRocco
Laughlin
Lazio
Leach
Lehman
Levin
Levy
Lewis (CA)
Lewis (FL)
Lewis (GA)
Lightfoot
Linder
Lipinski
Livingston
Lloyd
Long
Lowey
Machtley
Maloney
Mann
Manton
Manzullo

Margolies-
Mezvinsky
Markey
Martinez
Matsui
Mazzoli
McCandless
McCloskey
McCollum
McCrery
McCurdy
McDermott
McHale
McHugh
McInnis
McKeon
McKinney
McMillan
McNulty
Meehan
Meek
Menendez
Meyers
Mfume
Mica
Michel
Miller (CA)
Miller (FL)
Mineta
Minge
Mink
Moakley
Molinar
Mollohan
Montgomery
Moorhead
Moran
Morella
Murphy
Murtha
Myers
Nadler
Natcher
Neal (NC)
Nussle
Oberstar
Obey
Oliver
Ortiz
Orton
Owens
Oxley
Packard
Pallone
Parker
Pastor
Paxon
Payne (NJ)
Payne (VA)
Penny
Peterson (FL)
Peterson (MN)
Petri
Pickett
Pombo
Pomeroy
Porter
Portman
Poshard
Price (NC)
Pryce (OH)
Quillen
Quinn
Rahall
Ramstad
Rangel
Ravenel
Reed
Regula
Reynolds
Richardson
Ridge
Roberts
Roemer
Rogers
Rohrabacher
Ros-Lehtinen
Rostenkowski
Roth
Roukema
Rowland
Roybal-Allard

Royce
Rush
Sabo
Sanders
Santorum
Sarpalius
Sawyer
Saxton
Schaefer
Schenk
Schiff
Schroeder
Schumer
Scott
Sensenbrenner
Serrano
Sharp
Shaw
Shays
Shepherd
Shuster
Sisisky
Skaggs
Skeen
Skelton
Slattery
Slaughter
Smith (IA)
Smith (MI)
Smith (NJ)
Smith (OR)
Smith (TX)
Snowe
Solomon
Spence
Spratt
Stark
Stearns
Stenholm
Stokes
Strickland
Studds
Stump
Stupak
Sundquist
Swift
Synar
Talent
Tanner
Tauzin
Taylor (MS)
Taylor (NC)
Tejeda
Thomas (CA)
Thompson
Thornton
Thurman
Torkildsen
Torres
Torrice
Towns
Traficant
Tucker
Unsoeld
Upton
Valentine
Velazquez
Vento
Visclosky
Volkmer
Vucanovich
Walker
Walsh
Washington
Waters
Watt
Waxman
Weldon
Wheat
Whitten
Williams
Wilson
Wise
Wolf
Woolsey
Wyden
Wynn
Yates
Young (FL)
Zeliff
Zimmer

NOT VOTING—16

de la Garza
Fields (TX)
Gephardt
Goodlatte
Henry
Hunter

Inglis
McDade
Neal (MA)
Pelosi
Pickle
Rose
Sangmeister
Swett
Thomas (WY)
Young (AK)